

TEN THINGS YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT OHIO RESIDENCY FOR TUITION PURPOSES

1. Ohio residency for tuition purposes eligibility criteria are established by State of Ohio Law and Ohio Board of Regents regulations. Miami University administers the Law and regulations.
2. Miami University **cannot** alter or waive these eligibility criteria for **any** reason.
3. Under Ohio law, if you have moved to Ohio primarily for the purpose of attending an Ohio institution of higher learning, then you **are not eligible** for in-state tuition.
4. Living in Ohio for 12 months **is not** an automatic qualification for in-state tuition.
5. You **must** prove through **official and/or legal documents** that you have moved to Ohio permanently and not merely living in Ohio temporarily while you attend Miami University, however long your course of study may take.
6. Financial hardship **cannot** be considered in evaluating Ohio residency for tuition purposes eligibility.
7. Legal ties that you have established to another state or country (e.g., state tax liability, a driver's license, voter's registration, etc.) **will disqualify** you from residency reclassification, regardless of your reason(s) for having established these ties.
8. Evidence that you are receiving out-of-state financial support in any way, either directly (e.g. tuition payments, parent PLUS loans, etc.) or indirectly (e.g., parent-purchased or co-purchased residences, parent-controlled financial portfolios), **will disqualify** you from Ohio residency for-tuition-purposes.
9. Despite the length of time you attend Miami University or live in Ohio, you **may not** qualify for Ohio residency for-tuition-purposes.
10. Residency reclassification applications and all supporting documentation must be submitted by the established deadline (i.e., **three (3) week prior to the first day of the semester**).

The term "Ohio resident" for tuition purposes may differ from other definitions of Ohio residency. **A person who has an Ohio driver's license/vehicle registration or who is an Ohio resident for tax, voting, or welfare purposes may have established legal residence in the state but may not necessarily be considered a resident for tuition purposes.**